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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/775,679	02/10/2004	Assaf Friedler	18396/2282	1897	
29933 7	590 11/16/2004		EXAMINER		
PALMER & DODGE, LLP KATHLEEN M. WILLIAMS			ROOKE, AGNES BEATA		
	GTON AVENUE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
BOSTON, MA	A 02199		1653	1653	
			DATE MAILED: 11/16/2004	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/775,679	FRIEDLER ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Agnes B Rooke	1653			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apports. Property	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any earn	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE.	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D' (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	,					
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
′=	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)[_]	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1-47 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 						
	Claim(s) is/are rejected.					
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	ologian requirement				
اکا(ہ	Claim(s) <u>1-47</u> are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
•	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document)-(d) or (f).			
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachmen	nt(c)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	atom Application (1. 10-132)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1, 2, 6-14, 16, 18-23, 35, 37, and 41, drawn to a method of stabilizing of polypeptide, classified in class 514, subclass 2.
- II. Claim 3, drawn to method of increasing the concentration of a native state of a reversibly denatured polypeptide, classified in class 514, subclass 2.
- III. Claims **4**, **5**, **42**, **and 43**, drawn to a method of restoring a wild-type phenotype of polypeptide with a mutation, and a method of treatment of a disease, in which the polypeptide is mutated, classified in class 514, subclass 2.
- IV. Claims **15-23**, **35**, **37**, **and 41**, drawn to a method of assisting the binding between a polypeptide in its native and denatured state, classified in class 514, subclass 2.
- V. Claims **24-29**, **39**, **40**, **44**, **and 45**, drawn to a stabilizing molecule, classified in class 530, subclass 350.
- VI. Claims **30-34**, **36**, **38**, **and 41**, drawn to a method identifying a stabilizing molecule, classified in class 514, subclass 2.
- VII. Claims **46 and 47**, drawn to a method for inducing the onset or progression of apoptosis, classified in class 514, subclass 2.

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The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions V and I/II/III/IV/VI/VII are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the polypeptide (a stabilizing molecule) of invention V demonstrated that it can be used in a materially different processes of use as set forth in the claims of inventions I/II/III/IV/VI/VII. Therefore, the inventions are distinct.

Inventions I/II/III/IVI/VI/VII are related by virtue of the polypeptide (a stabilizing molecule) that is used in all the aforementioned inventions. However, inventions I/III/III/IV/VII/VII are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case, each method is distinct, since for the particular method to take effect it must occur in a different chemical and physiological environment (different metal ion concentration, pH conditions etc.), and because each method performs distinct functions, such as: stabilizing polypeptide (Invention I); increasing concentration of a native state of a reversibly denatured polypeptide (Invention III); restoring a wild-type phenotype of polypeptide (Invention III); assisting binding between a polypeptide in its native and denatured state (Invention IV);

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identifying a stabilizing molecule (Invention VI); and inducing the onset or progression of apoptosis (Invention VII).

Furthermore, each method requires separate and distinct search, and thus it would be burdensome to search the inventions together because of the serious search burden on the examiner. Therefore, I/II/III/IV/VI/VII are distinct.

Since the inventions are distinct for the reasons given above, and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for the examination purposes as indicated is proper.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; Amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the

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requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the Invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Agnes Rooke whose telephone number is 571-272-2055. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jon Weber can be reached on 571-272-0925. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. or call 866-217-Law Cochane Coulson Par

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KAREN COCHRANE CARLSON, PH.D PRIMARY EXAMINER